

**AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:**

In response to the specification objection, Applicant submits the following replacement paragraphs for page 6, line 5 through page 7, line 9 of the specification. Please note, Applicant submits that the generic terminology is unnecessary as these materials are well-known in the art but could include the generic terminology if suggested:

The construction material of the outside of the pack 100 may be any normal pack 100 material, but is preferably nylon and most preferably 1000 dernier nylon. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the fabric 110 surrounding the energetic initiator section 104 comprises a layer of conductive material sandwiched between two layers of the nylon pack material. When using the term conductive material, this refers to a material that can conduct electricity in such a manner to be resistant to electro-static discharge and electromagnetic interference that would cause initiators to prematurely activate. Examples of such a conductive materials include Velostat VELOSTAT ® and Mylar MYLAR ®.

The fabric 110 on the back panel 112, in order to provide greater protection between the energetic initiators and the energetic materials will preferably comprise two layers of blast resistant and fragmentation inhibiting material between the nylon along with the layer of conductive material. The blast resistant and fragmentation inhibiting material as used within this application are materials that prohibit products resulting from activation of an initiator from reaching energetic materials in the other section of the pack 100. Examples of such materials include Kevlar KEVLAR ®, Spectra SPECTRA®, and

Vectran VECTRAN ®. Preferably 1500 denier Kevlar KEVLAR ® layers will be employed in the invention.

The cap containment panel 114 may be attached or removed from the back panel 112 for easy loading and unloading of initiators. One preferred attachment mechanism are hook and loop materials such as Velcro VELCRO ®, but any method known in the art may be employed. The cap containment panel 114 will preferably be constructed of numerous layers of blast resistant and fragmentation inhibiting material interspersed with at least one layer of polycarbonate material which hardens when impacted by a projectile, along with the pack 100 material. Polycarbonate materials which harden when impacted by projectiles are commonly referred to as "bullet-proof" materials and are known as such in the art. One example of such a material is Lexan LEXAN ®. It is preferred to employ 1/8 inch thick layers of Lexan LEXAN ® in the invention. In a most preferred embodiment, the cap containment panel 114 will comprise two layers of a polycarbonate material which hardens when impacted by a projectile surrounded by four layers of blast resistant and fragmentation inhibiting material surrounded by two layers of nylon.